

Palliative Care Australia Limited ACN 625 082 493 ABN 85 363 187 904 PO Box 124 Fyshwick ACT 2609 T 02 6232 0700

palliativecare.org.au pca@palliativecare.org.au

9 April 2020

Dr Andrew Simpson Assistant Secretary Primary Care Implementation Response (COVID-19 response) Department of Health By email: <u>surgicalservices@health.gov.au</u>; <u>andrew.simpson@health.gov.au</u>

Dear Dr Simpson

MBS telehealth Items to support palliative care patients

Thank you for the work you are undertaking within the Department to better enable the Medicare Benefits Schedule (MBS) to optimally support ongoing care for Australians during the COVID19 pandemic.

On behalf of Palliative Care Australia (PCA), I would like to draw your attention to some issues that have been raised about access to MBS telehealth items that hinder our full capacity to support palliative care patients during the COVID-19 pandemic.

PCA represents those who work towards high quality palliative care for all Australians who need it. Working closely with consumers, our Member Organisations and the palliative care workforce, we aim to improve access to, and promote palliative care.

Last week, PCA provided a response to your request for advice on the current scope of COVID-19 phone and/or telehealth MBS items for patients receiving care and treatment from specialists. A copy of the PCA response is attached to this letter. We are pleased to note that since that response process, MBS Items 132 and 133 now have equivalent telehealth items.

PCA has also received representations from other health professionals working in palliative care about how the MBS could better provide care to palliative care patients at this time through expanding telehealth options.

The full interdisciplinary team of palliative medicine and nurse practitioners, in partnership with allied health colleagues are important in the surge response for COVID-19 patients in hospitals, the community and in residential aged care facilities (RACFs). Palliative care health professionals also keep the clinical plans and management for vulnerable patients (without COVID-19 but of high risk) in place and conducted in a manner that keeps the patient safe, minimises risk of COVID-19 and minimises unnecessary acute care services.

In the COVID-19 environment providing as many consultations as possible by telehealth balances optimising clinical care and minimising risk for vulnerable patients. Telehealth/phone consultations can allow increased coverage especially given the projected increase in patient



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numbers and acuity of the clinical issues when deterioration or COVID 19 infection occurs, in regional and remote areas, or where workforce shortage occurs due to illness. PCA raises the following additional points.

Inequity for Palliative Medicine Specialists:

In the attached submission PCA raised the inequitable access for Fellows of the Australasian Chapter of Palliative Medicine (FAChPM) in comparison with Fellows of the Royal Australasian College of Physicians (FRACP). In addition there has been a number of reports that FAChPM Palliative Medicine Specialists have been advised by Medicare that the new items for 104 and 105 are not claimable by them (which is contrary to the intention of the changes to the telehealth items). Your advice about the eligibility for claiming items 104 and 105 would be appreciated. We hope further consideration of the items 3005, 3010 and 3014 occurs to ensure that Palliative Medicine Specialists also are able to contribute to the much needed workforce via telehealth mechanisms.

Support for Palliative Care Nurse Practitioners with telehealth capacity:

While PCA welcomes the changes that were made to allow additional Nurse Practitioner telehealth MBS billing as part of the COVID-19 response, the feedback PCA has received suggests that the billing requirements are too limited. For example, the nature of goals of care discussions and complex discharge planning together with medication management and communicating with family members are being undertaken over the phone but the time taken is often far longer that the billing requirements provide.

This is of particular importance for older people in the community and in RACFs that are experiencing a reducing amount of visiting palliative care nurse practitioners and doctors, and therefore a reduced capacity to provide palliative care planning and interventions for palliative care patients. This service can be augmented by the extension of the MBS telehealth billing to help this patient cohort with palliative care needs and reduce admissions to the acute and emergency hospital settings.

Further consideration could also be given to alternative funding mechanisms for specialist palliative care nurses who may also be undertaking telehealth type consultations with palliative care patients during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Allied Health and palliative care:

Many palliative care patients at home and in RACFs will also be finding that essential allied health support and care has been restricted because of COVID-19.

Many allied health professions can contribute to the non-pharmacological management/treatment of common symptoms such as pain, irritability, dyspnoea,



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fatigue/insomnia, secretions, and constipation; and also the prescription of equipment and aids to optimise care at home. There are a variety of settings of allied health practice in palliative care: home, inpatient/outpatient and sub-acute services, hospices, private practices, specialist clinics, RACFs and residential organisations for people living with severe mental illness or severe disabilities.

Patients with life-limiting conditions who have access to allied health services, are more likely to maintain their function, wellbeing and quality of life for longer, with less need for costly admissions and interventions from the health system.¹

The model for allied health telehealth MBS items covering mental health could be replicated for palliative care. Most palliative care patients in the community will be feeling the impact of social isolation and allied health support from a specialist palliative care service provided by telehealth could assist to manage a range of symptoms and enable palliative care patients to stay in their location of choice.

Aboriginal Health Workers:

Similarly, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people who require palliative care are a particularly vulnerable group at this time. Aboriginal Health Workers provide valuable palliative care services and support to people in the community. Telehealth options would provide a means of ensuring Indigenous people in need of palliative care are able to receive it without putting them and Aboriginal Health Workers at risk of COVID-19 transmission.

Thank you for consideration of these issues. Please do not hesitate to contact myself or PCA National Policy Manager, Margaret Deerain (<u>margaret.deerain@palliativecare.org.au</u>) if you would like to clarify any of the issues raised or discuss further.

Yours sincerely

Rohan Greenland Chief Executive Officer Palliative Care Australia

¹ See <u>https://www.caresearch.com.au/caresearch/Portals/0/Engagement-Project/Allied-health-in-</u> <u>Australia-and-its-role-in-palliative-care.pdf</u>)



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ATTACHMENT

Feedback Template: Phase 5 – Feedback on MBS specialist services for possible expansion to phone and/or telehealth

This template has been developed to enable organisations to identify and provide feedback on additional MBS specialist services which may be appropriate to expand to phone and/or telehealth as part of the ongoing work to support Australians impacted by COVID-19.

The Department requests your organisation identify and provide comments on the specialist items which could be added to the current list of COVID-19 items. The current list of COVID-19 is published on the factsheets page of the MBS online website at: www.mbsonline.gov.au/internet/mbsonline/publishing.nsf/Content/Factsheet-Current

As you may be aware, other specialist services have already been expanded to telehealth as part of previous phases to list new COVID-19 items.

In nominating any further specialist items, please address the following as part of your feedback:

- Can the service be provided under the existing COVID-19 items eg. 104 and 105 if not, why?
- Why is it clinically appropriate to provide the service by phone and/or telehealth?

Feedback is sought by COB 1 April 2020 and can be submitted to surgicalservices@health.gov.au

PalliativeCare		His Excellency General thePalliative Care Australia LimitedHonourable David John Hurley ACACN 625 082 493DSC (Retd), Governor-General ofABN 85 363 187 904the Commonwealth of Australia, and Her Excellency Mrs LindaPO Box 124Hurley, PatronsT 02 6232 0700palliativecare.org.au pca@palliativecare.org.au	
MBS item number	Specialist Service	 Feedback Can the service be provided under the existing COVID-19 items eg. 104 and 105 – if not, why? Why is it clinically appropriate to provide the service by phone and/or telehealth? 	
3005, 3010, 3014	Palliative Care Items	While palliative care consultations by Palliative Medicine Specialists can be provi items 104 and 105, existing palliative care MBS items (3004, 3010 and 3014) sho equivalent MBS telehealth items as part of providing critical care during this COV pandemic to reflect the emerging need to meet complex clinical needs of palliati patients (rapidly growing COVID-19 population and to maintain safety of existing COVID-19 palliative care population) in the community and residential aged care The palliative care patient group is highly vulnerable and at-risk. Palliative Medic Specialists are required to maintain patients' ongoing care together with keeping vulnerable patients out of hospitals and as much as possible safely managed in th community. Palliative Medicine Specialists will be assisting existing palliative care together with managing the care of those people who contract COVID19 and req palliative care.	uld have /ID19 ive care g non e. cine g those he re patients quire clinical ge ccal issues or where

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MBS item number	Specialist Service	105 – if no	linically appropriate to provide the service by phone and/or
		 i. Assessing a ii. Assessing a iii. Providing c manageme iv. Goals of car v. Adjusting c vi. End of life c There is a significant part of its Review) practicing palliative Physicians (FRACP) Medicine (FAChPN) Palliative Care Physicant and COVID-19 tele items – 91825/918 	re discussion and advance care planning linical management of the palliative diagnosis and comorbidities care nt issue (which has been referred to the Medicare Benefits Taskforce as which is the discrepancy and payment inequity between those e medicine as physicians (Fellows of the Royal Australasian College of) and those who are Fellows of the Australasian Chapter of Palliative

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MBS item number	Specialist Service	105 – if no • Why is it o	 Feedback Can the service be provided under the existing COVID-19 items eg. 104 ar 105 – if not, why? Why is it clinically appropriate to provide the service by phone and/or telehealth? 	
		telehealth/telepho Medicine Specialis that they are not e The discrepancy in Specialists is inequ generally, the urge equal capacity of c consultant physicia as they near the en The current palliat	one items 91822/91832) and MBS Item 105 (COVID-19 one items 91823/91833). We also have had advice from Palliative ts (FAChPM) that they have been provided advice directly from Medicare eligible to utilise 104 and 105 so this requires urgent clarification. the MBS Item rates for Consulting Physicians and Palliative Medicine ent need for organisational surge capacity in palliative medicine with contributions from all trained Palliative Medicine Specialists and ans; particularly at this time when people will be requiring palliative care and of life including patients dying from COVID-19. ive care items for Palliative Medicine Specialists (MBS Items 3005, 3010 have an equivalent MBS Telehealth items equitable to the items that can sulting Physicians.	
132	Referred Patient Consultant Physicia Treatment and Management Plan	Palliative Care Con	This MBS item is currently not covered in the existing telehealth COVID-19 items. Palliative Care Consultant Physicians use this item for managing patients with complex needs associated with their life-limiting illness. These consultations require a considerable	

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MBS item number	Specialist Service	 Feedback Can the service be provided under the existing COVID-19 items eg. 104 and 105 – if not, why? Why is it clinically appropriate to provide the service by phone and/or telehealth? 	
		associated with a c consultations are c relief for patients. The current specia for the more prolo complex treatment These consultation	scussing goals of care and emotional, psychosocial and spiritual concerns liagnosis or progression of a life-limiting illness. Prolonged often needed to manage complex medication and pain and symptom list and consultant physician telehealth attendance items do not account nged consultations for patients with multiple co-morbidities and t plans. s are primarily 'cognitive' and do not involve procedural medicine. these patients will be at high risk for COVID-19 due to their co-
		mechanism include i. Assessing a ii. Assessing a iii. Providing ca manageme iv. Goals of car	nd managing symptoms nd managing psychological distress arer support and carer training (medication management, crisis nt) re discussion and advance care planning linical management of the palliative diagnosis and comorbidities

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MBS item number	Specialist Service	 Feedback Can the service be provided under the existing COVID-19 items eg. 104 and 105 – if not, why? Why is it clinically appropriate to provide the service by phone and/or telehealth?
		The risk of contracting COVID-19 is much higher for patients already living with a life- limiting diagnosis. Similarly patients who contract COVID19 and it is likely to be the cause of their death will need longer and prolonged consultations to deal with the urgent demand for support that they will need. The ability to provide phone consultations at this time is critical to reduce the risk of infection of staff and families. In supporting a telehealth equivalent for Item 132, PCA does make the point that there is an inherent inequity in the current MBS Item 132 as it is only available to palliative care physicians and not Palliative Medicine Specialists who undertake equal complex care consultations with their palliative care patients.
133	Referred Patient Consultant Physician Treatment and Management Plan	This MBS item is currently not covered in the existing telehealth COVID-19 items. Palliative Care Physicians use this item for managing patients with complex needs particularly noting the increased complexity for patients nearing the end of life and often with comorbidities. These consultations require a considerable amount of time discussing goals of care and emotional, psychosocial and spiritual concerns associated with a



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		Feedback		
MBS item	Specialist Service	 Can the service be provided under the existing COVID-19 items eg. 104 and 105 – if not, why? 		
number	Specialist Service	 Why is it clinically appropriate to provide the service by phone and/or telehealth? 		
		diagnosis or progression of a life-limiting illness. Prolonged consultations are often needed to manage complex medication and pain and symptom relief for patients.		
		The current specialist and consultant physician telehealth attendance items do not account for the more prolonged consultations for patients with multiple co-morbidities and complex treatment plans.		
		These consultations are primarily 'cognitive' and do not involve procedural medicine. Moreover many of these patients will be at high risk for COVID-19 due to their co- morbidities.		
		Important clinical activities which can be delivered by a complex care telehealth mechanism include:		
		i. Assessing and managing symptoms		
		ii. Assessing and managing psychological distress		
		 Providing carer support and carer training (medication management, crisis management) 		
		iv. Goals of care discussion and advance care planning		
		v. Adjusting clinical management of the palliative diagnosis and comorbidities		
		vi. End of life care		

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		limiting diagnosis. S of their death will r demand for suppor	ting COVID-19 is much higher for patients already living with a life- Similarly patients who contract COVID-19 and it is likely to be the cause need longer and prolonged consultations to deal with the urgent rt that they will need. The ability to provide phone consultations at this educe the risk of infection of staff and families.
		an inherent inequit physicians and not	ehealth equivalent for Item 133, PCA does make the point that there is ty in the current MBS Item 133 as it is only available to palliative care Palliative Medicine Specialists who undertake equal complex care their palliative care patients.